

# Metrically regular subsets of the Boolean cube\*

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The talk is devoted to the problem of investigating metrically regular subsets of the Boolean cube. Let us recall some definitions. Given a subset  $X \subseteq \mathbb{F}_2^n$  of the Boolean cube, its *metric complement*  $\widehat{X}$  is a set of all binary vectors which are at the maximal possible distance from the set  $X$ . Then, if the set  $\widehat{X}$  coincides with  $X$ , the set  $X$  is called *metrically regular*.

The problem of studying metrically regular sets was first posed in [1] when studying bent functions. A Boolean function  $f$  in even number of variables is called *bent function*, if it is at the maximal possible distance from the set of affine functions. Thus, the set of bent functions  $\mathcal{B}_n$  is the metric complement of the set of affine functions  $\mathcal{A}_n$ . It is known that the set of affine functions is also the metric complement of the set of bent functions and therefore both sets are metrically regular.

Metric complements and metrically regular sets have been actively studied by the author. Particularly, in paper [3], metric complements to linear subspaces (linear codes) of the Boolean cube are studied, while paper [4] deals with metrically regular sets of maximal and minimal cardinality. Several metrically regular classes of Boolean functions are also studied in [2].

In this work, metric regularity of different classes of commonly used codes (both linear and non-linear) is investigated. In particular, metric regularity of certain Reed-Muller codes has been proven (as was mentioned above, Tokareva proved that codes  $RM(1, n)$  (affine functions) are metrically regular for even  $n$ ). It is also conjectured that any Reed-Muller code  $RM(r, n)$  is metrically regular.

## References

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